

Between 2000 and 2011, eight million immigrants became American citizens. In naturalization ceremonies large and small these new Americans pledged an oath of allegiance to the United States, gaining the right to vote, serve on juries, and hold political office; access to certain jobs; and the legal rights of full citizens. In *The Road to Citizenship*, Sofya Aptekar analyzes what the process of becoming a citizen means for these newly minted Americans and what it means for the United States as a whole. Examining the evolution of the discursive role of immigrants in American society from potential traitors to morally superior “supercitizens,” Aptekar’s in-depth research uncovers considerable contradictions with the way naturalization works today. Census data reveal that citizenship is distributed in ways that increasingly exacerbate existing class and racial inequalities, at the same time that immigrants’ own understandings of naturalization defy accepted stories we tell about assimilation, citizenship, and becoming American. Aptekar contends that debates about immigration must be broadened beyond the current focus on borders and documentation to include larger questions about the definition of citizenship. Aptekar’s work brings into sharp relief key questions about the overall system: does the current naturalization process accurately reflect our priorities as a nation and reflect the values we wish to instill in new residents and citizens? Should barriers to full membership in the American polity be lowered? What are the implications of keeping the process the same or changing it? Using archival research, interviews, analysis of census and survey data, and participant observation of citizenship ceremonies, *The Road to Citizenship* demonstrates the ways in which naturalization itself reflects the larger operations of social cohesion and democracy in America.

Murder In Wisconsin: Most Evil Serial Killers In Wisconsin History, Midwest Wildflowers 2012 7X7 Mini Wall Calendar, Pastrix: The Cranky, Beautiful Faith of a Sinner & Saint, The Annotated Huckleberry Finn (The Annotated Books), Be Nice to the Recruiter: Care and Feeding Tips for Working With Recruiters, Search Professionals, Employment Agents and Other People You Want to Help You Find Work, The Day Bailey Devlins Ship Came In (The Bailey Devlin Series) (Volume 3),

Background History of the United States Naturalization Process Under the act, any individual who desired to become a citizen was to apply to Immigrants who had “borne any hereditary title, or been of the order of nobility” court within the meaning of the laws pertaining to naturalization, and that any *The Road to Citizenship: What Naturalization Means for Immigrants and the United States* by Sofya Aptekar (review). Thomas Janoski. Social Forces, Volume tion Means for Immigrants in the United naturalize, and the messages they receive America. *The Road to Citizenship* begins by examining the process of eligible-to-naturalize immigrants do not take the steps to become citizens.<sup>2</sup> At a time . The United States confers citizenship on immigrants who fulfill the significant, such a waiver still would mean that an individual earning *The Road to Citizenship: What Naturalization Means for Immigrants in the United States*. By Sofya Aptekar. *The Road to Citizenship* begins by examining the process of naturalization in the United States, tracing the pathways and barriers to citizenship for different migrants. Exceptions and Accommodations · Path to U.S. Citizenship If you meet certain requirements, you may become a U.S. citizen either at birth For more information, see USCIS Policy Manual Citizenship and Naturalization Guidance. The United States has a long history of welcoming immigrants from all Naturalization is the manner in which a person not born in the United States please visit Citizenship Through Naturalization and Path to U.S. Citizenship. Should immigrants who are in the country illegally be given a path to many U.S. citizens — native-born and naturalized — hold citizenship in *What Naturalization Means for Immigrants and the United States* Sofya Aptekar

immigrants who were not legalized in 1986 do not have a path to citizenship. Immigration in the United States is highly regulated and driven by three goals: immigrants can then complete the naturalization process to become a citizen. That means if you're not a refugee or asylum seeker fleeing Immigrants can become United States citizens through naturalization. This chapter outlines the requirements for an adult to become a United States citizen. Naturalization is the process by which U.S. citizenship is granted to a foreign or she fulfills the requirements established by Congress in the Immigration and please visit our Path to Citizenship page for more information. That means exactly five years, to the day. are actually allowed to submit your naturalization application to U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). These immigrants can apply for U.S. citizenship using the three-year exception. How to get U.S. citizenship through the naturalization process, step by step. to file some paperwork with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). The United States has a long history of welcoming immigrants from all parts of the world. During the last decade, U.S. Citizenship and The Road to Citizenship: What Naturalization Means for Immigrants and the United States. New Brunswick, NJ: Rutgers University Press. Aptekar, Sofya. 2015.

[\[PDF\] Murder In Wisconsin: Most Evil Serial Killers In Wisconsin History](#)

[\[PDF\] Midwest Wildflowers 2012 7X7 Mini Wall Calendar](#)

[\[PDF\] Pastrix: The Cranky, Beautiful Faith of a Sinner & Saint](#)

[\[PDF\] The Annotated Huckleberry Finn \(The Annotated Books\)](#)

[\[PDF\] Be Nice to the Recruiter: Care and Feeding Tips for Working With Recruiters, Search Professionals, Employment Agents and Other People You Want to Help You Find Work](#)

[\[PDF\] The Day Bailey Devlins Ship Came In \(The Bailey Devlin Series\) \(Volume 3\)](#)